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### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

26 JUN 1992

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SEGRETARY

Honorable Alan C. Cranston United States Senate 112 Hart Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510-0501

Dear Senator Cranston:

Thank you for your letter forwarding the views and concerns of your constituent, Geoffrey Baehr, Director of Networking Advanced Development, Sun Microsystems Computer Corporation, regarding the Commission's efforts to make available spectrum for emerging technologies, including wireless computer networking. Mr. Baehr states that the Commission's initiatives will improve U.S. productivity, efficiency and competitiveness, but expresses concern that other countries have overtaken the U.S. in developing mobile radio as a major part of their communications infrastructure.

U.S. technological leadership and competitiveness is a driving force in the Commission's efforts to identify and allocate spectrum for new technologies. On January 16, 1992, the Commission adopted a Notice of Proposed Rule Making in ET Docket No. 92-9 that proposes to allocate 220 MHz of 2 GHz spectrum for use by providers of emerging technologies. As Mr. Baehr notes in his letter, the primary issue before the Commission is finding ways to strike a balance in spectrum allocation policies that will accommodate new technologies while ensuring that existing users can maintain and enhance the quality of their present operations. The Commission is committed to finding a way to accommodate these competing interests.

Please be assured that Mr. Baehr's support for ET Docket No. 92-9, and his concerns with regard to U.S. competitiveness, will be taken into account before a final decision is made in this matter. For that purpose, I am making this correspondence part of the record in ET Docket No. 92-9.

Sincerely,

rThomas P. Stanley Chief Engineer

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Bruce France

# Congressional

PLEASE MAKE 2 EXTRA COPIES OF INCOMING, ATTACHMENTS, AND REPLY FOR DOCKET FILE, ROOM 222.

CONGRESSIONAL CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING SYSTEM 06/16/92

#### LETTER REPORT

CONTROL NO. DATE RECEIVED DATE OF CORRESP DATE DUE DATE DUE OLA(857)

9201806 06/16/92 06/03/92 06/29/92

TITLE MEMBERS NAME REPLY FOR SIG OF

Senator Alan Cranston BC

CONSTITUENT'S NAME SUBJECT

Geoffrey Baehr re: New Personal Communications Services

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REMARKS: Respond in duplicate with enclosure to the attention of Susan Daly in the Washington, D.C. office.

(24/92 Noon)

Logged in saj: 6/17/92

ALAN CRANSTON CALIFORNIA

## United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510

June 3, 1992

To:

Legislative Affairs

Federal Communications Commission

1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20554

AIRS LEGIL

Inquiry from:

Mr. Geoffrey Baehr

Sun Microsystems Computer Corporation

MS MTV14-203

2550 Garcia Avenue

Mountain View, California 94043

Re:

Please address the concerns raised by Mr. Baehr regarding the proposed reallocation of the 2 GHz

frequency band.

I forward the attached for your review and consideration.

Your report, in duplicate, along with the return of the enclosure, will be appreciated. The response should be directed to the attention of Susan Daly in my Washington office.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

Enclosure

Sun Microsystems Computer Corporation MS MTV -14-49 2550 Garcia Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043-1100

May 8, 1992



Hon. Alan Cranston United States Senate 112 Hart Washington, D.C. 20510

#### Senator Cranston:

In its Emerging Technologies docket 92-9, the Federal Communications Commission has proposed reallocating the 2 GHz frequency band which is currently used for the fixed microwave service. The FCC has proposed that these frequencies be used for emerging technologies that cannot be developed without access to radio spectrum. Sun supports the FCC Emerging Technologies docket 92-9.

The technology Sun is interested in making available is wireless computer networking. This new technology will enable people to access the information they need, when they need it, wherever they happen to be — on the job, on the go, and at home. It will improve U.S. productivity and efficiency in industry and education. It will enable the U.S. computer industry to maintain its competitive position as world leader, since other advanced industrialized economies are ahead of the United States in developing mobile radio services as an important part of the communications infrastructure.

Current use of this spectrum is primarily point-to-point microwave links using old technology. Sun agrees with the FCC's position that these links may not be making the most efficient use of the spectrum they occupy. Specifically, we feel that since these links are directional, narrow beam signals, frequencies could be reused in a more aggressive manner without interfering with current operations. We are confident that the FCC Emerging Technologies docket will fairly balance existing use with the needs of future users and applications.

Sincerely,

Geoffrey Baehr

Director, Networking Advanced Development